NORTH YORKSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL

Children and Young People's Scrutiny and Overview Committee

<u>1st May 2009</u>

Preventing Homelessness

1.0 Purpose of Report

1.1 To inform members of the progress being made in reducing homelessness amongst young people and families with dependent children in North Yorkshire.

2.0 Key Points

2.1 A single North Yorkshire Homelessness Plan (2008-2012) has been launched which incorporates the North Yorkshire Supporting People Strategy for Homeless and Vulnerable People. This plan shares the priorities of the Children and Young People's Plan for the prevention of homelessness (see annexe 1).

2.2 Multi-agency training on the prevention of homelessness has been delivered to over 120 front-line workers and their managers across housing, social care, 4youth, YOT and registered social landlords. Feedback from these events has been very positive with the new multi-agency working practice protocols being seen as very helpful in securing good outcomes for young people facing homelessness.

2.3 Levels of presentation of homelessness for most vulnerable groups have reduced over the period 2003-2008 (see annexe 2), as a result of improved prevention and partnership working. In particular the presentation level of families with dependent children has seen a reduction.

2.4 Outcomes for young people (aged 16 & 17) had however continued to be a concern, in particular for those known to YOT and for other young people with chaotic lifestyles. There is now evidence that the preventative programmes (for example Safe Moves) have begun to make an impact. In particular the presentation rate in Scarborough has fallen from over 60 (2007-08) to 12 (2008-09).

2.5 There remains a need to develop tailored supported lodgings for the most chaotic individuals, who currently often have difficulties in finding and keeping tenancies. A Supported Lodgings scheme, which had been placed on hold due to budgetary pressures on the funding body (Supporting People), is now in the process of being commissioned.

3.0 Background

3.1 The North Yorkshire Homelessness Strategy was produced by the County Homelessness Group, which is a partnership between the seven District Councils, the County Council, Supporting People and the other key statutory and voluntary sector service providers.

3.2 Parental exclusion is the main cause of homelessness within North Yorkshire and is the main cause of homelessness within five of the seven districts. In 2007/8, 157 households throughout the county became homeless because their parents were no longer willing to accommodate them. In 2006/7 over 30% of all acceptances in Hambleton, Ryedale and Selby were due to parental exclusion compared to the Yorkshire & Humber Regional average of 20%.

3.3 In 2007/8 there were 78, 16/17 year olds accepted as homeless across the county. This was a 37% increase on the previous year. Prevention work has contributed to a reduction in this figure to XXX.

3.4 Objective 3 of the Homelessness Strategy is to support young people in living independently and to prevent them from becoming homeless. Key expected outcomes are:

- An equitable provision of core services needed to tackle youth homelessness available in each district by 2010. This will be achieved through:
 - mediation services
 - outreach work in schools
 - suitable temporary accommodation that is linked to prevention options and support
- To have no homeless 16/17 year olds in Bed and Breakfast by the 31 of March 2010 (from a baseline of 10 as at 31 March 2008).
- To reduce the number of young people 16/17 year olds accepted as homelessness by 10% on an annual basis from a baseline of 78 as at 31 March 2008.
- To develop a range of accommodation options for supported housing for chaotic young people (aged 16 to 24) by 2013.
- To ensure that 100% of all young people leaving care will be provided with suitable accommodation to meet their needs.

3.5 Many young people who become homeless are simply not ready to live independently. In order to respond to this challenge there is a need for an adequate range of supported accommodation. The provision of a countywidesupported lodgings scheme for young people is essential if we are to prevent the most vulnerable from becoming homeless. The Supporting People proposal to develop such a scheme will be considered at the Commissioning Group meeting on 1st December.

4.0 Recommendations

4.1 That the report is noted.

17th April 2009

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Background documents: None

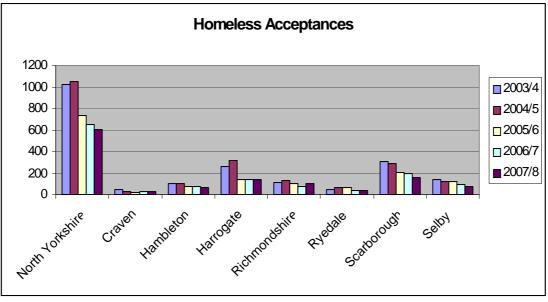
Annexe 1

5.7 Ensure that children and young people are living decent, secure affordable housing and have appropriate support	g in Lead Chair of County Homelessne Strategy Group
 What we will do over the next three years Develop integrated accommodation provision and support se End the use by 16 & 17 year olds of B&B accommodation as at 31st march 2008. Reduce the number of 16 & 17 year olds accepted as ho baseline of 78 as at 31st March 2008). End the use of non-self contained temporary accommoda children (by 31st March 2012) Provide appropriate mediation, outreach work with schoor accommodation (linked to prevention options and support Develop a range of county provision, of supported accom complex needs/chaotic lives (by 31st March 2013) Provide supported housing/ home adaptations for young Secure suitable accommodation and related support sem Offenders. 	a by 31st march 2010 (from a baseline of meless by 10% on an annual basis (from tion by homeless families with dependent is and provide suitable temporary t) in every District by 31st March 2010, modation for young people (16-24) with people with LDD, ices for all Care Leavers and Young
 Monitor the impact of the new Homelessness Prevention What we are going to do this year 	Protocols
 homeless) Reduce the number of single non-dependent 16-17 yrs o Increase the levels of supported accommodation (includi county-wide Sustain housing support to all households accommodate but remains vulnerable to funding loss) Develop and implement county-wide move on protocols (Begin to develop a county-wide Prevention Toolkit (for contempt of the new Prevention of Homelessness Protocols actions) 	ng supported lodgings) for 16-17 yr olds d under homeless legislation (this is in MOPPS) mpletion 31st March 2010)
How we will know we are improving?	
Year 1 (2008-09): Reduce the number of young people 16 & 17 years old accepte Percentage of care leavers at age 19 who are living in suitable Reduce number of homeless families using non-self contained NI 46 Young offenders access to suitable accommodation NI 147 Care leavers in suitable accommodation NI 156 Number of affordable homes delivered (gross) NI 156 Number of households living in Temporary Accommoda Year 2 (2009-10):	accommodation (0 by March 31st 2012)
 Reduce the number of young people 16 & 17 years old accepte Percentage of care leavers at age 19 who are living in suitable Reduce number of homeless families using non-self contained NI 46 Young offenders access to suitable accommodation NI 147 Care leavers in suitable accommodation NI 155 Number of affordable homes delivered (gross) NI 156 Number of households living in Temporary Accommoda 	accommodation accommodation (0 by March 31st 2012)
 Year 3 (2010-2011): Reduce the number of young people 16 & 17 years old accepte Percentage of care leavers at age 19 who are living in suitable Reduce number of homeless families using non-self contained NI 46 Young offenders access to suitable accommodation NI 147 Care leavers in suitable accommodation NI 155 Number of affordable homes delivered (gross) 	accommodation

Annexe 2

The Scale of Homelessness in North Yorkshire

The number of households that became homeless (accepted by local authorities as owed the main homelessness duty) in North Yorkshire has been steadily reducing over recent years. In 2007/8 607 households were accepted as homeless, this represented a reduction of 41% compared to the same period in 2003/4.



Source: P1E returns

Overall levels of homelessness in North Yorkshire are lower than the rest of the Yorkshire and Humber Region. Proportionately homelessness is highest in Richmondshire where there were 5 homeless households for every 1000 households in 2007/8. Levels of homelessness are lowest in Ryedale (1.6 per 1000 households) and Craven (1.2 per 1000 households).